## IN THE CLAIMS

Please rewrite the claims to read as follows:

1. (Amended) A process for the preparation of compounds of the formula (I) or salts

thereof

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 \\
N \\
N \\
R^2 \\
R^3
\end{array}$$
(I)

in which

- $R^1$ is  $(C_1-C_8)$ alkyl or  $(C_3-C_8)$ cycloalkyl, where each of the two above radicals independently of one another is unsubstituted, and
- R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub> in each case independently of one another are hydrogen, amino, hydroxyl, formyl or unsubstituted  $(C_1-C_8)$ alkyl $(C_1-C_8)$ alkylamino, di $(C_1-C_8)$ alkyl $(C_1-C_8)$ alkyl(C $C_8$ )alkyloxy, aryl, aryloxy,  $(C_3-\mathring{C}_8)$ cycloalkyl,  $[(C_1-C_8)$ alkyl]carbonyl,  $[(C_1-C_8)$  $C_8) alkoxy]\text{-}carbonyl, arylcarbonyl, (C_1\text{-}C_8) alkylsulfonyl,\\$ arylsulfonyl or an unsubstituted or substituted heterocyclyl radical, heterocyclyloxy radical, heterocyclyamino radical, each of which has 3 to 6 ring atoms and 1 to 3 hetero ring atoms selected from the group consisting of N, O and S, or
- R<sup>2</sup>,R<sup>3</sup> together with the nitrogen from the group NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup> are a heterocyclic radical having 3 to 6 ring atoms and 1 to 4 hetero ring atoms, where, in addition to the

nitrogen atom, the other hetero ring atoms which may exist are selected from the group consisting of N, O and S and the heterocycle is unsubstituted or substituted, which comprises converting 2-amino-4-thio-1,3,5-triazines of the general formula (II)

Subject

Br

in which X represents hydrogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkenyl, (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkynyl or phenyl, where each of the last mentioned 4 radicals is ubsubstituted or substituted, or represents a 2-amino-4-thio-1,3,5-triazine radical which is bonded via sulfur and equally substituted compared to the other triazine ring in the compound of formula I,

by chlorination into the compounds (I).

- 7. (Twice Amended) The process as claimed in claim 6 which is carried out at temperatures between -40°C and the boiling point of the solvent or mixtures of solvents employed.
  - 10. (Amended) The process as claimed in claim 9, wherein A is a  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkylene chain which is substituted in the  $\alpha$ -position relative to the amino group by an unsubstituted or substituted alkyl radical and in the  $\alpha$ -position by an optionally substituted aryl, heteroaryl, aryloxy or heteroaryloxy radical and which is further unsubstituted or substituted further with substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, alkyl, alkoxy and hydroxyl, and R is hydrogen or alkyl.